



SCORPIO TANKERS INC. ANNOUNCES FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE FIRST QUARTER OF 2021 AND DECLARATION OF A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

May 7, 2021

MONACO, May 07, 2021 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) – Scorpio Tankers Inc. (NYSE: STNG) (“Scorpio Tankers” or the “Company”) today reported its results for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The Company also announced that its Board of Directors has declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.10 per share on the Company’s common stock.

Results for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company had a net loss of \$62.4 million, or \$1.15 basic and diluted loss per share. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company had an adjusted net loss (see Non-IFRS Measures section below) of \$57.3 million, or \$1.05 basic and diluted loss per share, which excludes from the net loss \$3.9 million, or \$0.07 per basic and diluted share, of losses recorded on the transaction to exchange \$62.1 million in aggregate principal amount of its existing Convertible Notes due 2022 for \$62.1 million in aggregate principal amount of new Convertible Notes due 2025, described in detail below, and \$1.3 million, or \$0.02 per basic and diluted share, write-offs of deferred financing fees related to the refinancing of certain credit facilities.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company had net income of \$46.6 million, or \$0.85 basic and \$0.82 diluted earnings per share. There were no Non-IFRS adjustments to the net income for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

Declaration of Dividend

On May 6, 2021, the Company’s Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.10 per common share, payable on or about June 15, 2021 to all shareholders of record as of May 21, 2021 (the record date). As of May 6, 2021, there were 58,369,516 common shares of the Company outstanding.

Summary of First Quarter and Other Recent Significant Events

- Below is a summary of the average daily Time Charter Equivalent (“TCE”) revenue (see Non-IFRS Measures section below) and duration of contracted pool voyages and time charters for the Company’s vessels thus far in the second quarter of 2021 as of the date hereof (See footnotes to “Other operating data” table below for the definition of daily TCE revenue):

Pool	Total	
	Average daily TCE revenue	% of Days
LR2	\$14,700	48 %
LR1	\$13,700	41 %
MR	\$13,000	52 %
Handymax	\$11,900	42 %

- Below is a summary of the average daily TCE revenue earned by the Company’s vessels in each of the pools during the first quarter of 2021:

Pool	Average daily TCE revenue
LR2	\$11,980
LR1	\$11,292
MR	\$11,326
Handymax	\$9,065

- In March 2021, the Company completed the exchange of \$62.1 million in aggregate principal amount of its Convertible Notes due 2022 for \$62.1 million in aggregate principal amount of new 3.00% Convertible Notes due 2025 (the “Convertible Notes due 2025”), pursuant to separate, privately negotiated, agreements with certain holders of the Convertible Notes due 2022. Simultaneously, the Company issued and sold \$76.1 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes due 2025 pursuant to separate, privately negotiated, agreements with certain investors in a private offering.
- In January 2021, the Company entered into a note distribution agreement with B. Riley Securities, Inc., as sales agent, pursuant to which the Company may offer and sell, from time to time, up to \$75.0 million of additional aggregate principal amount of its

7.00% Senior Unsecured Notes due 2025 (the “Senior Notes due 2025”). Since the inception of this program and through the date of this press release, the Company issued \$17.9 million aggregate principal amount of additional Senior Notes due 2025 for aggregate net proceeds (net of sales agent commissions and offering expenses) of \$17.5 million.

- The Company has received a commitment to refinance the existing indebtedness on two LR2s, which is expected to raise \$20.5 million in new liquidity (after the repayment of existing debt). These refinancings are expected to close before the end of the second quarter of 2021.
- The Company is also in discussions with financial institutions to further increase its liquidity by up to \$46.7 million in connection with the refinancing of 11 vessels.
- In addition to the above, the Company has \$20.0 million of additional liquidity available (after the repayment of existing debt) from previously announced financings that have been committed. These drawdowns are expected to occur at varying points in the future as these financings are tied to scrubber installations on the Company’s vessels.
- The Company has \$280.1 million in cash and cash equivalents as of May 6, 2021.

March 2021 Exchange Offer and New Issuance of Convertible Notes

In March 2021, the Company completed the exchange of \$62.1 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes due 2022 for \$62.1 million in aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes due 2025, pursuant to separate, privately negotiated, agreements with certain holders of the Convertible Notes due 2022 (the “March 2021 Exchange”). Simultaneously with the March 2021 Exchange, the Company issued and sold \$76.1 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes due 2025 pursuant to separate, privately negotiated, agreements with certain investors in a private offering (the “March 2021 Convertible Notes Offering”).

The Convertible Notes due 2025 are the Company’s senior, unsecured obligations and bear interest at a rate of 3.00% per year. Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning on May 15, 2021. The Convertible Notes due 2025 will mature on May 15, 2025, unless earlier converted, redeemed or repurchased in accordance with their terms.

The conversion rate of the Convertible Notes due 2025 is initially 26.6617 common shares per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes due 2025 (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$37.507 per common share), and is subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events as set forth in the indenture governing the Convertible Notes due 2025 (such as the payment of dividends).

Commencing on the issue date of the Convertible Notes due 2025, principal will accrete on the principal amount, compounded semi-annually, at a rate of approximately 5.52% per annum, which principal amount, together with any accretions thereon, is the “Accreted Principal Amount”. The Accreted Principal Amount at maturity will equal 125.3% of par, which together with the 3.00% interest rate, compounds to a yield-to-maturity of approximately 8.25%.

The Convertible Notes due 2025 are freely convertible at the option of the holder and prior to the close of business on the 5th business day immediately preceding the maturity date. Upon conversion of the Convertible Notes due 2025, holders will receive shares of the Company’s common stock. The Company may, subject to certain exceptions, redeem the Convertible Notes due 2025 for cash, if at any time the per share volume-weighted average price of our common shares equals or exceeds 125.4% of the conversion price then in effect on (i) each of at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during the 30 consecutive trading days ending on, and including, the trading day immediately before the applicable redemption date; and (ii) the trading day immediately before such date of the redemption notice.

The Company recorded a loss on the extinguishment of the Convertible Notes due 2022 of \$3.9 million as a result of the March 2021 Exchange, which primarily arose from the difference between the carrying value and the face value of the Convertible Notes due 2022 on the date of the exchange.

Distribution Agreement of Additional Senior Notes due 2025

In January 2021, the Company entered into a note distribution agreement (the “Distribution Agreement”) with B. Riley Securities, Inc., as sales agent (the “Agent”), under which the Company may offer and sell, from time to time, up to an additional \$75.0 million aggregate principal amount of its Senior Notes due 2025 (the “Additional Notes”).

Any Additional Notes sold will be issued under the Indenture pursuant to which the Company previously issued \$28.1 million aggregate principal amount of the Senior Notes due 2025 on May 29, 2020 (the “Initial Notes”). The Additional Notes will have the same terms as (other than date of issuance), form a single series of debt securities with and have the same CUSIP number and be fungible with, the Initial Notes immediately upon issuance, including for purposes of notices, consents, waivers, amendments and any other action permitted under the Indenture. The Senior Notes due 2025 are listed on the New York Stock Exchange (the “NYSE”) under the symbol “SBBA.”

Sales of the Additional Notes may be made over a period of time, and from time to time, through the Agent, in transactions involving an offering of the Senior Notes due 2025 into the existing trading market at prevailing market prices.

During the first quarter of 2021, the Company issued \$14.1 million in aggregate principal amount of Additional Notes for aggregate net proceeds (net of sales agent commissions and offering expenses) of \$13.8 million. Since the inception of this program and through the date of this press release, the Company issued \$17.9 million aggregate principal amount of Additional Notes for aggregate net proceeds (net of sales agent commissions and offering expenses) of \$17.5 million.

Diluted Weighted Number of Shares

The computation of earnings or loss per share is determined by taking into consideration the potentially dilutive shares arising from (i) the Company's equity incentive plan, and (ii) the Company's Convertible Notes due 2022 and Convertible Notes due 2025. These potentially dilutive shares are excluded from the computation of earnings or loss per share to the extent they are anti-dilutive.

The impact of the Convertible Notes due 2022 and Convertible Notes due 2025 on earnings or loss per share is computed using the if-converted method. Under this method, the Company first includes the potentially dilutive impact of restricted shares issued under the Company's equity incentive plan, and then assumes that its Convertible Notes due 2022 and Convertible Notes due 2025, which were issued in May and July 2018 and March 2021, respectively, were converted into common shares at the beginning of each period. The if-converted method also assumes that the interest and non-cash amortization expense associated with these notes of \$3.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2021 were not incurred. Conversion is not assumed if the results of this calculation are anti-dilutive.

The Company's basic weighted average number of shares outstanding were 54,318,792 for the three months ended March 31, 2021. There were 56,019,369 weighted average shares outstanding including the potentially dilutive impact of restricted shares, and 60,168,137 weighted average shares outstanding under the if-converted method. Since the Company was in a net loss position, the potentially dilutive shares arising from both the Company's restricted shares and under the if-converted method, were anti-dilutive for purposes of calculating the loss per share. Accordingly, basic weighted average shares outstanding were used to calculate both basic and diluted loss per share for this period.

COVID-19

Initially, the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020 resulted in a sharp reduction in economic activity and a corresponding reduction in the global demand for oil and refined petroleum products. This period of time was marked by extreme volatility in the oil markets and the development of a steep contango in the prices of oil and refined petroleum products. Consequently, an abundance of arbitrage and floating storage opportunities opened up, which resulted in record increases in spot TCE rates late in the first quarter of 2020 and throughout the second quarter of 2020. These market dynamics, which were driven by arbitrage trading rather than underlying consumption, led to a build-up of global oil and refined petroleum product inventories.

In June 2020, as underlying oil markets stabilized and global economies began to recover, the excess inventories that built up during this period began to slowly unwind. Nevertheless, global demand for oil and refined petroleum products remained subdued as governments around the world continued to impose travel restrictions and other measures in an effort to curtail the spread of the virus. These market conditions had an adverse impact on the demand for our vessels beginning in the third quarter of 2020 and continuing through the first quarter of 2021. Recently, the easing of restrictive measures and successful roll-out of vaccines in certain countries have begun to stimulate oil demand and have manifested into sequential improvements in market conditions to start the second quarter of 2021.

We expect that the COVID-19 virus will continue to cause volatility in the commodities markets. The scale and duration of these circumstances is unknowable but could have a material impact on our earnings, cash flow and financial condition in 2021. An estimate of the impact on our results of operations and financial condition cannot be made at this time.

\$250 Million Securities Repurchase Program

In September 2020, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a new Securities Repurchase Program to purchase up to an aggregate of \$250 million of the Company's securities which, in addition to its common shares, currently consist of its Senior Notes due 2025 (NYSE: SBBA), which were originally issued in May 2020, Convertible Notes due 2022, which were issued in May and July 2018, and Convertible Notes due 2025, which were issued in March 2021. No securities have been repurchased under the new program since its inception through the date of this press release.

Conference Call

The Company has scheduled a conference call on May 7, 2021 at 8:30 AM Eastern Daylight Time and 2:30 PM Central European Summer Time. The dial-in information is as follows:

US Dial-In Number: +1 (855) 861-2416
International Dial-In Number: +1 (703) 736-7422
Conference ID: 1796885

Participants should dial into the call 10 minutes before the scheduled time. The information provided on the teleconference is only accurate at the time of the conference call, and the Company will take no responsibility for providing updated information.

There will also be a simultaneous live webcast over the internet, through the Scorpio Tankers Inc. website www.scorpiotankers.com. Participants to the live webcast should register on the website approximately 10 minutes prior to the start of the webcast.

Webcast URL: <https://edge.media-server.com/mmc/p/7nx97or2>

Current Liquidity

As of May 6, 2021, the Company had \$280.1 million in unrestricted cash and cash equivalents.

Drydock, Scrubber and Ballast Water Treatment Update

Set forth below is a table summarizing the drydock, scrubber, and ballast water treatment system activity that occurred during the first quarter of 2021 and that is in progress as of April 1, 2021:

	Number of Vessels	Drydock	Ballast Water Treatment Systems	Scrubbers	Aggregate Costs (\$ in millions) ⁽¹⁾	Aggregate Off-hire Days in Q1 2021
<i>Completed in the first quarter of 2021</i>						
LR2	3	3	—	1	\$6.2	76
LR1	3	3	—	—	3.2	61
MR	—	—	—	—	—	—
Handymax	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	6	—	1	\$9.4	137
<i>In progress as of April 1, 2021</i>						
LR2	1	1	—	—	\$0.2	1
LR1	—	—	—	—	—	—
MR	—	—	—	—	—	—
Handymax	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1	1	—	—	\$0.2	1

⁽¹⁾ Aggregate costs for vessels completed in the quarter represent the total costs incurred, some of which may have been incurred in prior periods. Aggregate costs for vessels in progress as of April 1, 2021 represent the total costs incurred through that date, some of which may have been incurred in prior periods.

Set forth below are the estimated expected payments to be made for the Company's drydocks, ballast water treatment system installations, and scrubber installations through 2022 (which also include actual payments made during the first quarter of 2021 and through May 6, 2021):

<i>In millions of U.S. dollars</i>	As of March 31, 2021 ^{(1) (2)}
Q2 2021 - payments made through May 6, 2021	\$ 1.8
Q2 2021 - remaining payments	8.6
Q3 2021	10.1
Q4 2021	6.1
FY 2022	40.5

⁽¹⁾ Includes estimated cash payments for drydocks, ballast water treatment system installations and scrubber installations. These amounts include installment payments that are due in advance of the scheduled service and may be scheduled to occur in quarters prior to the actual installation. In addition to these installment payments, these amounts also include estimates of the installation costs of such systems. The timing of the payments set forth are estimates only and may vary as the timing of the related drydocks and installations finalize.

⁽²⁾ Based upon the commitments received to date, which include the remaining availability under certain financing transactions that have been previously announced, the Company expects to raise approximately \$20.0 million of aggregate additional liquidity to finance the purchase and installations of scrubbers (after the repayment of existing debt) once all of the agreements are closed and drawn. These drawdowns are expected to occur at varying points in the future as these financings are tied to scrubber installations on the Company's vessels.

Set forth below are the estimated expected number of ships and estimated expected off-hire days for the Company's drydocks, ballast water treatment system installations, and scrubber installations ⁽¹⁾:

	Q2 2021			Off-hire Days ⁽³⁾
	Drydock	Ships Scheduled for ⁽²⁾ : Ballast Water Treatment Systems	Scrubbers	
LR2	4	—	—	80
LR1	3	—	—	60
MR	—	—	—	—
Handymax	—	—	—	—
Total Q2 2021	7	—	—	140
	Q3 2021			Off-hire Days ⁽³⁾
	Drydock	Ships Scheduled for ⁽²⁾ : Ballast Water Treatment Systems	Scrubbers	
LR2	2	—	—	40
LR1	2	—	—	40
MR	—	—	—	—

Handymax	—	—	—	—
Total Q3 2021	4	—	—	80
Q4 2021				
	Ships Scheduled for ⁽²⁾:			Off-hire
	Drydock	Ballast Water Treatment Systems	Scrubbers	Days ⁽³⁾
LR2	2	—	—	40
LR1	2	—	—	40
MR	—	—	—	—
Handymax	—	—	—	—
Total Q4 2021	4	—	—	80
FY 2022				
	Ships Scheduled for ⁽²⁾:			Off-hire
	Drydock	Ballast Water Treatment Systems	Scrubbers	Days ⁽³⁾
LR2	5	—	1	140
LR1	—	—	3	120
MR	11	5	4	320
Handymax	—	—	—	—
Total FY 2022	16	5	8	580

⁽¹⁾ The number of vessels in these tables reflect a certain amount of overlap where certain vessels are expected to be drydocked and have ballast water treatment systems and/or scrubbers installed simultaneously. Additionally, the timing set forth may vary as drydock, ballast water treatment system installation and scrubber installation times are finalized.

⁽²⁾ Represents the number of vessels scheduled to commence drydock, ballast water treatment system, and/or scrubber installations during the period. It does not include vessels that commenced work in prior periods but will be completed in the subsequent period.

⁽³⁾ Represents total estimated off-hire days during the period, including vessels that commenced work in a previous period.

Debt

Set forth below is a summary of the principal balances of the Company's outstanding indebtedness as of the dates presented.

<i>In thousands of U.S. Dollars</i>	Outstanding Principal as of December 31, 2020	Drawdowns and (repayments), net	Outstanding Principal as of March 31, 2021	Drawdowns and (repayments), net	Outstanding Principal as of May 6, 2021
1 KEXIM Credit Facility ⁽¹⁾	\$ 15,931	\$ (15,931)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
2 ING Credit Facility ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁸⁾	191,348	(121,001)	70,347	—	70,347
3 2018 NIBC Credit Facility ⁽⁴⁾	31,066	(31,066)	—	—	—
4 Credit Agricole Credit Facility	82,160	(2,142)	80,018	—	80,018
5 ABN AMRO / K-Sure Credit Facility	41,827	(963)	40,864	—	40,864
6 Citibank / K-Sure Credit Facility	86,818	(2,104)	84,714	—	84,714
7 ABN / SEB Credit Facility ⁽²⁾	97,856	(3,087)	94,769	(16,076)	78,693
8 Hamburg Commercial Credit Facility	40,315	(823)	39,492	—	39,492
9 Prudential Credit Facility	50,378	(1,386)	48,992	(924)	48,068
1 2019 DNB / GIEK Credit Facility	52,563	(1,778)	50,785	—	50,785
1 BNPP Sinasure Credit Facility ⁽⁵⁾	94,733	1,915	96,648	(5,167)	91,481
1 2020 \$225.0 Million Credit Facility	208,890	(5,250)	203,640	—	203,640

1	2021 \$21.0 Million					
3	Credit Facility ⁽¹⁾	—	21,000	21,000	—	21,000
1	Ocean Yield Lease					
4	Financing	138,508	(2,733)	135,775	(911)	134,864
1	BCFL Lease					
5	Financing (LR2s) ⁽⁶⁾	86,197	1,277	87,474	(895)	86,579
1	CSSC Lease					
6	Financing	134,308	(2,732)	131,576	(911)	130,665
1	CSSC Scrubber					
7	Lease Financing	4,443	(980)	3,463	(327)	3,136
1	BCFL Lease					
8	Financing (MRs) ⁽⁶⁾	77,748	2,394	80,142	(1,250)	78,892
1	2018 CMBFL Lease					
9	Financing	124,993	(3,252)	121,741	(836)	120,905
2	\$116.0 Million					
0	Lease Financing ⁽⁶⁾	103,801	(401)	103,400	(848)	102,552
2	AVIC Lease					
1	Financing	119,732	(3,332)	116,400	—	116,400
2	China Huarong					
2	Lease Financing ⁽⁷⁾	110,250	5,791	116,041	—	116,041
2	\$157.5 Million					
3	Lease Financing	123,800	(3,536)	120,264	—	120,264
2	COSCO Lease					
4	Financing	68,750	(1,925)	66,825	—	66,825
2	2020 CMBFL Lease					
5	Financing	44,573	(810)	43,763	—	43,763
2	2020 TSFL Lease					
6	Financing	47,250	(831)	46,419	—	46,419
2	2020 SPDBFL Lease					
7	Financing	96,500	(1,624)	94,876	—	94,876
2	2021 AVIC Lease					
8	Financing ⁽⁴⁾	—	97,325	97,325	—	97,325
2	2021 CMBFL Lease					
9	Financing ⁽²⁾	—	58,800	58,800	20,250	79,050
3	2021 TSFL Lease					
0	Financing ⁽³⁾	—	57,663	57,663	—	57,663
3	IFRS 16 - Leases -					
1	7 Handymax ⁽⁹⁾	2,247	(2,247)	—	—	—
3	IFRS 16 - Leases -					
2	3 MR	36,936	(1,843)	35,093	(623)	34,470
3	\$670.0 Million					
3	Lease Financing	593,291	(11,134)	582,157	(3,993)	578,164
3	Unsecured Senior					
4	Notes Due 2025 ⁽¹⁰⁾	28,100	14,133	42,233	3,755	45,988
3	Convertible Notes					
5	Due 2022 ⁽¹¹⁾	151,229	(62,088)	89,141	—	89,141
3	Convertible Notes					
6	Due 2025 ⁽¹¹⁾	—	138,188	138,188	—	138,188
	Gross debt					
	outstanding	\$ 3,086,541	\$ 113,487	\$ 3,200,028	\$ (8,756)	\$ 3,191,272
	Cash and cash					
	equivalents	187,511		269,538		280,053
	Net debt	\$ 2,899,030	\$	2,930,490	\$	2,911,219

⁽¹⁾ In February 2021, the Company drew down \$21.0 million on a term loan facility with a European financial institution (the “2021 \$21.0 Million Credit Facility”). The proceeds of this loan facility were used to refinance the outstanding debt on an LR2 product tanker, *STI Madison*, that was previously financed under the KEXIM Credit Facility. The Company repaid the outstanding indebtedness of \$15.9 million related to this vessel on the KEXIM Credit Facility in January 2021 upon its maturity. The 2021 \$21.0 Million Credit Facility has a final maturity of December 2022, bears interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 2.65% per annum, and is scheduled to be repaid in equal quarterly installments of approximately \$0.6 million, with a balloon payment due upon maturity. The remaining terms and conditions, including financial covenants, are similar to those set forth in our existing credit facilities.

⁽²⁾ In March 2021, the Company received a commitment to sell and leaseback four Handymax vessels (*STI Comandante*, *STI Brixton*, *STI Pimlico* and *STI Finchley*) and one MR vessel (*STI Westminster*) from CMB Financial Leasing Co. Ltd, or CMBFL (the “2021 CMBFL Lease Financing”). In March 2021, the Company closed on the sale and leaseback of the four aforementioned Handymax vessels for aggregate proceeds of \$58.8 million. The Company repaid the outstanding indebtedness of \$46.7 million related to these vessels on the ING Credit Facility as part of these transactions. In April 2021, the Company closed on the sale and leaseback of *STI Westminster* for aggregate proceeds of \$20.25 million. The Company repaid the outstanding indebtedness of \$16.1 million related to this vessel on the ABN/SEB Credit Facility as part of this transaction.

Under the 2021 CMBFL Lease Financing, each vessel is subject to a seven-year bareboat charter-in agreement. The lease financings bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 3.25% per annum for the Handymax vessels and 3.20% for the MR vessel and are scheduled to be repaid in equal quarterly principal installments of approximately \$0.3 million per each Handymax vessel and \$0.4 million for the MR vessel. Each agreement contains purchase options to re-acquire each of the subject vessels beginning on the third anniversary date from the delivery date of the respective vessel, with a purchase option for each vessel upon the expiration of each agreement. The remaining terms and conditions, including financial covenants, are similar to those set forth in the Company's other sale and leaseback arrangements.

This transaction is being accounted for as a financing transaction under IFRS 9 as the transaction does not qualify as a 'sale' under IFRS 15 given the Company's right to repurchase the asset during the lease period. Accordingly, no gain or loss is recorded, and the Company will continue to recognize the vessel as an asset and recognize a financial liability (i.e. debt) for the consideration received (similar to the Company's other sale and leaseback transactions).

⁽³⁾ In March 2021, the Company closed on the sale and leaseback of three MR vessels (*STI Black Hawk*, *STI Notting Hill* and *STI Pontiac*) with Taiping & Sinopec Financial Leasing Co., Ltd. for aggregate proceeds of \$57.7 million (the "2021 TSFL Lease Financing"). The Company repaid the outstanding indebtedness of \$40.7 million related to these vessels on the ING Credit Facility as part of these transactions.

Under the 2021 TSFL Lease Financing, each vessel is subject to a seven-year bareboat charter-in agreement. The lease financings bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 3.20% per annum and are scheduled to be repaid in equal quarterly principal installments of approximately \$0.4 million per vessel. Each agreement contains purchase options to re-acquire each of the subject vessels beginning on the second anniversary date from the delivery date of the respective vessel, with a purchase option for each vessel upon the expiration of each agreement. The remaining terms and conditions, including financial covenants, are similar to those set forth in the Company's other sale and leaseback arrangements.

This transaction is being accounted for as a financing transaction under IFRS 9 as the transaction does not qualify as a 'sale' under IFRS 15 given the Company's right to repurchase the asset during the lease period. Accordingly, no gain or loss is recorded, and the Company will continue to recognize the vessel as an asset and recognize a financial liability (i.e. debt) for the consideration received (similar to the Company's other sale and leaseback transactions).

⁽⁴⁾ In February 2021, the Company closed on the sale and leaseback of two vessels (*STI Memphis* and *STI Soho*) with AVIC International Leasing Co., Ltd. for aggregate proceeds of \$44.2 million. The Company repaid the outstanding indebtedness of \$30.0 million related to these vessels on the 2018 NIBC Credit Facility as part of these transactions. Additionally, in March 2021, the Company closed on the sale and leaseback of two additional vessels (*STI Lombard* and *STI Osceola*) under the 2021 AVIC Lease Financing for aggregate proceeds of \$53.1 million. The Company repaid the outstanding indebtedness of \$29.6 million related to these vessels on the ING Credit Facility as part of these transactions. These sale and leaseback transactions are collectively referred to as the "2021 AVIC Lease Financing".

Under the 2021 AVIC Lease Financing, each vessel is subject to a nine-year bareboat charter-in agreement. The lease financings bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 3.45% per annum and are scheduled to be repaid in equal aggregate quarterly repayments of approximately \$1.8 million. Each agreement contains purchase options to re-acquire each of the subject vessels beginning on the second anniversary date from the delivery date of the respective vessel, with a purchase obligation upon the expiration of each agreement. Additionally, we are required to deposit with the lessor, 1% of the borrowing amount, or \$1.0 million in aggregate. The remaining terms and conditions, including financial covenants, are similar to those set forth in the Company's other sale and leaseback arrangements.

This transaction is being accounted for as a financing transaction under IFRS 9 as the transaction does not qualify as a 'sale' under IFRS 15 given the Company's right to repurchase the asset during the lease period. Accordingly, no gain or loss is recorded, and the Company will continue to recognize the vessel as an asset and recognize a financial liability (i.e. debt) for the consideration received (similar to the Company's other sale and leaseback transactions).

⁽⁵⁾ In January 2021, the Company signed an agreement to extend the availability period under this loan facility to June 15, 2022 from March 15, 2021. In March 2021, the Company drew down \$1.9 million from the BNPP Sinosure Credit Facility to partially finance the purchase and installation of a scrubber on a MR product tanker.

⁽⁶⁾ In January 2021, the Company drew down an aggregate of \$11.4 million, which consisted of (i) \$3.8 million under the BCFL Lease Financing (LR2s); (ii) \$5.8 million under the BCFL Lease Financing (MRs) and (iii) \$1.9 million under the \$116.0 Million Lease Financing to partially finance the purchase and installations of scrubbers on six product tankers. All of these scrubber related borrowings are scheduled to be repaid over a period of three years from each drawdown date in fixed monthly installments (which includes interest) of approximately \$50,000 to \$60,000 per vessel.

⁽⁷⁾ In January 2021, the Company drew down \$10.0 million from the China Huarong Lease Financing to partially finance the purchase and installations of scrubbers on five MR product tankers. These borrowings bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 3.50% and are scheduled to be repaid in equal quarterly installments of approximately \$0.2 million per vessel through November 2023.

⁽⁸⁾ In January 2021, the Company drew down \$2.1 million from its ING Credit Facility to partially finance the purchase and installations of scrubbers on two LR2 product tankers. These borrowings bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 1.95% and are scheduled to be repaid in equal quarterly installments of approximately \$0.2 million per vessel through June 2022.

⁽⁹⁾ The remaining terms on the bareboat-in agreements for Handymax vessels under these agreements expired in March 2021.

⁽¹⁰⁾ In January 2021, the Company entered into the Distribution Agreement with the Agent, under which the Company may offer and sell, from time to time, up to an additional \$75.0 million aggregate principal amount Additional Notes. The Additional Notes will have the

same terms as (other than date of issuance), form a single series of debt securities with and have the same CUSIP number and be fungible with, the Initial Notes immediately upon issuance. Sales of the Additional Notes may be made over a period of time, and from time to time, through the Agent, in transactions involving an offering of the Senior Notes due 2025 into the existing trading market at prevailing market prices. During the first quarter of 2021, the Company issued \$14.1 million aggregate principal amount of Additional Notes for aggregate net proceeds (net of sales agent commissions and offering expenses) of \$13.8 million. Since inception of this program and through the date of this press release, the Company issued \$17.9 million aggregate principal amount of Additional Notes for aggregate net proceeds (net of sales agent commissions and offering expenses) of \$17.5 million.

⁽¹¹⁾ In March 2021, the Company completed the exchange of approximately \$62.1 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes due 2022 for approximately \$62.1 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes due 2025 as part of the March 2021 Exchange. Simultaneously with the March 2021 Exchange, the Company issued and sold \$76.1 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes due 2025 as part of the March 2021 Convertible Notes Offering.

The conversion rate of the Convertible Notes due 2025 is initially 26.6617 common shares per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes due 2025 (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$37.507 per common share), and is subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events as set forth in the indenture governing the Convertible Notes due 2025 (such as the payment of dividends).

Commencing on the issue date of the Convertible Notes due 2025, principal will accrete on the principal amount, compounded semi-annually, at a rate of approximately 5.52% per annum, which principal amount, together with any accretions thereon, is the "Accreted Principal Amount". The Accreted Principal Amount at maturity will equal 125.3% of par, which together with the 3.00% interest rate, compounds to a yield-to-maturity of approximately 8.25%.

The Company recorded a loss on the extinguishment of the Convertible Notes due 2022 of \$3.9 million as a result of the March 2021 Exchange which primarily arose from the difference between the carrying value and the face value of the Convertible Notes due 2022 on the date of the exchange.

Set forth below are the estimated expected future principal repayments on the Company's outstanding indebtedness as of March 31, 2021, which includes principal amounts due under the Company's secured credit facilities, Convertible Notes due 2022, Convertible Notes due 2025, lease financing arrangements, Senior Notes due 2025, and lease liabilities under IFRS 16 (which also include actual payments made during the first quarter of 2021 and through May 6, 2021):

<i>In millions of U.S. dollars</i>	As of March 31, 2021 ⁽¹⁾
Q2 2021 - principal payments made through May 6, 2021 ⁽²⁾	\$ 32.8
Q2 2021 - remaining principal payments	61.1
Q3 2021	72.9
Q4 2021	77.9
Q1 2022 ⁽³⁾	90.7
Q2 2022 ⁽⁴⁾	265.4
Q3 2022 ⁽⁵⁾	86.7
Q4 2022 ⁽⁶⁾	123.1
2023 and thereafter	2,389.4
	\$ 3,200.0

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent the principal payments due on the Company's outstanding indebtedness as of March 31, 2021 and do not incorporate the impact of any of the Company's new financing initiatives which have not closed as of that date.

⁽²⁾ Repayments include the payment of \$16.1 million on the ABN / SEB Credit Facility which was made as part of the refinancing of the amounts borrowed for *STI Westminster*, which was sold and leased back under the 2021 CMBFL Lease Financing in April 2021.

⁽³⁾ Repayments include the maturity of the outstanding debt related to one vessel under the Citi/K-Sure Credit Facility of \$19.3 million.

⁽⁴⁾ Repayments include the maturity of the outstanding debt related to (i) three vessels under the Citi/K-Sure Credit Facility of \$57.6 million in aggregate, (ii) the Company's Convertible Notes due 2022 of \$89.1 million, and (iii) three vessels under the ING Credit Facility of \$44.8 million in aggregate.

⁽⁵⁾ Repayments include the maturity of the outstanding debt related to one vessel under the ABN AMRO/K-Sure Credit Facility of \$18.4 million.

⁽⁶⁾ Repayments include the maturity of the outstanding debt related to (i) one vessel under the ABN AMRO/K-Sure Credit Facility of \$17.2 million and (ii) one vessel under the Credit Agricole Credit Facility of \$16.5 million.

Explanation of Variances on the First Quarter of 2021 Financial Results Compared to the First Quarter of 2020

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded a net loss of \$62.4 million compared to net income of \$46.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020. The following were the significant changes between the two periods:

- *TCE revenue*, a Non-IFRS measure, is vessel revenues less voyage expenses (including bunkers and port charges). TCE revenue is

included herein because it is a standard shipping industry performance measure used primarily to compare period-to-period changes in a shipping company's performance irrespective of changes in the mix of charter types (i.e., spot voyages, time charters, and pool charters), and it provides useful information to investors and management. The following table sets forth TCE revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020:

In thousands of U.S. dollars	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2021	2020
Vessel revenue	\$ 134,165	\$ 254,167
Voyage expenses	(1,385)	(4,220)
TCE revenue	\$ 132,780	\$ 249,947

- TCE revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2021 decreased by \$117.2 million to \$132.8 million, from \$249.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020. Overall average TCE revenue per day decreased to \$11,166 per day during the three months ended March 31, 2021, from \$22,644 per day during the three months ended March 31, 2020. Given the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, market fundamentals and underlying TCE revenue during these periods differed significantly.
 - TCE revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2021 reflected the adverse market conditions brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic. Demand for crude and refined petroleum products remained low during this period as inventories that built up during 2020 continued to be drawn, and most countries throughout the world continued to implement restrictive policies in an effort to control the spread of the virus.
 - TCE revenue for the three months ended March 30, 2020 reflected strong market conditions that were the result of (i) the January 1, 2020 implementation date of the IMO low sulfur emissions standards and (ii) the initial market conditions brought on by the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020. Supply and demand dynamics shifted favorably during the fourth quarter of 2019 and early in the first quarter of 2020, driven by the January 1, 2020 implementation date of the International Maritime Organization's ("IMO") low sulfur emissions standards. The implementation of these standards impacted the trade flows of both crude and refined petroleum products which, combined with favorable supply and demand dynamics at the time, resulted in improvements in daily spot market TCE rates.

Towards the end of the first quarter of 2020, travel restrictions and other preventive measure to control the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in a precipitous decline in oil demand. Lack of corresponding production and refinery cuts resulted in a supply glut of oil and refined petroleum products, which was exacerbated by extreme oil price volatility from the Russia-Saudi Arabia oil price war. The oversupply of petroleum products and contango in oil prices led to record floating storage and arbitrage opportunities of both crude and refined petroleum products. These market conditions had a disruptive impact on the supply and demand balance of product tankers, resulting in significant and prolonged spikes in spot TCE rates which persisted through the second quarter of 2020.

- Vessel operating costs for the three months ended March 31, 2021 remained consistent, increasing slightly by \$1.8 million to \$83.3 million, from \$81.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020. Vessel operating costs were impacted by a net decrease of 1.5 average vessels for the three months ended March 31, 2021 when compared to the three months ended March 31, 2020. This decrease was due to the redelivery of three Handymax vessels upon the expiration of their bareboat charters in the second and third quarters of 2020, and the redelivery of four Handymax vessels in March 2021. Offsetting this decrease was the delivery of four MRs under bareboat charter-in agreements; three of which were delivered during the first quarter of 2020, and one was delivered during the third quarter of 2020.

Vessel operating costs per day increased to \$6,891 per day for the three months ended March 31, 2021 from \$6,592 per day for the three months ended March 31, 2020. This increase was primarily attributable to (i) costs incurred to transition technical managers for certain MRs that were acquired from Trafigura Maritime Logistics Pte. Ltd. in 2019, and (ii) costs incurred upon the expiration of the bareboat charters on four Handymax vessels in March 2021.

- Depreciation expense - owned or sale leaseback vessels for the three months ended March 31, 2021 increased by \$1.9 million to \$48.8 million, from \$46.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020. The increase was due to the Company's drydock, scrubber and ballast water treatment system installations that have taken place over the preceding 12-month period.
- Depreciation expense - right of use assets for the three months ended March 31, 2021 decreased \$1.4 million to \$11.8 million from \$13.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020. Depreciation expense - right of use assets reflects the straight-line depreciation expense recorded under IFRS 16 - Leases. Right of use asset depreciation expense was impacted by the delivery of four vessels that were previously under construction (three MRs in the first quarter of 2020 and one MR in the third quarter of 2020), offset by the redelivery of three Handymax vessels upon the expiration of their bareboat charters in the second and third quarters of 2020 and four Handymax vessels at the end of the first quarter of 2021. The Company had four LR2s, 18 MRs, and four Handymax vessels (whose leases expired in March 2021) that were accounted for under IFRS 16 - Leases during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The right of use asset depreciation for these vessels is approximately \$0.2 million per MR and \$0.3 million per LR2 per month.
- General and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2021, decreased by \$3.7 million to \$13.6 million, from \$17.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020. This decrease was due to an overall reduction in costs during the three months ended March 31, 2021, including reductions in restricted stock amortization and compensation expenses.

- *Financial expenses* for the three months ended March 31, 2021 decreased by \$10.7 million to \$34.1 million, from \$44.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020. The decrease was primarily driven by significant decreases in LIBOR rates, which underpin all of the Company's variable rate borrowings, and which have collapsed since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Scorpio Tankers Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income or Loss
(unaudited)

<i>In thousands of U.S. dollars except per share and share data</i>	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2021	2020
Revenue		
Vessel revenue	\$ 134,165	\$ 254,167
Operating expenses		
Vessel operating costs	(83,302)	(81,463)
Voyage expenses	(1,385)	(4,220)
Depreciation - owned or sale leaseback vessels	(48,784)	(46,841)
Depreciation - right of use assets	(11,841)	(13,197)
General and administrative expenses	(13,560)	(17,261)
Total operating expenses	(158,872)	(162,982)
Operating income	(24,707)	91,185
Other (expense) and income, net		
Financial expenses	(34,067)	(44,765)
Loss on Convertible Notes exchange	(3,856)	—
Financial income	225	565
Other income and (expense), net	11	(358)
Total other expense, net	(37,687)	(44,558)
Net (loss) / income	\$ (62,394)	\$ 46,627
(Loss) / Earnings per share		
Basic	\$ (1.15)	\$ 0.85
Diluted	\$ (1.15)	\$ 0.82
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	54,318,792	54,667,211
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding ⁽¹⁾	54,318,792	61,692,830

⁽¹⁾ The computation of diluted loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2021 excludes the effect of potentially dilutive unvested shares of restricted stock and the Convertible Notes due 2022 and Convertible Notes due 2025 because their effect would have been anti-dilutive. The computation of diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2020 includes the effect of potentially dilutive unvested shares of restricted stock and the effect of the Convertible Notes due 2022 under the if-converted method.

Scorpio Tankers Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(unaudited)

<i>In thousands of U.S. dollars</i>	As of	
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 269,538	\$ 187,511
Accounts receivable	45,086	33,017
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	9,092	12,430
Inventories	8,104	9,261
Total current assets	331,820	242,219
Non-current assets		
Vessels and drydock	3,964,122	4,002,888
Right of use assets	794,970	807,179
Other assets	97,274	92,145
Goodwill	8,900	8,900
Restricted cash	5,293	5,293
Total non-current assets	4,870,559	4,916,405
Total assets	\$ 5,202,379	\$ 5,158,624
Current liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 105,861	\$ 172,705
Lease liability - sale and leaseback vessels	151,446	131,736
Lease liability - IFRS 16	54,442	56,678
Accounts payable	14,796	12,863

Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ (in thousands of U.S. dollars except Fleet Data)	\$	42,121	\$	158,710
Average Daily Results				
TCE per day ⁽²⁾	\$	11,166	\$	22,644
Vessel operating costs per day ⁽³⁾	\$	6,891	\$	6,592
LR2				
TCE per revenue day ⁽²⁾	\$	11,947	\$	25,914
Vessel operating costs per day ⁽³⁾	\$	6,675	\$	6,742
Average number of vessels		42.0		42.0
LR1				
TCE per revenue day ⁽²⁾	\$	11,228	\$	20,296
Vessel operating costs per day ⁽³⁾	\$	6,646	\$	6,678
Average number of vessels		12.0		12.0
MR				
TCE per revenue day ⁽²⁾	\$	11,281	\$	20,866
Vessel operating costs per day ⁽³⁾	\$	6,974	\$	6,422
Average number of vessels		63.0		60.8
Handymax				
TCE per revenue day ⁽²⁾	\$	8,844	\$	22,564
Vessel operating costs per day ⁽³⁾	\$	7,280	\$	6,734
Average number of vessels		17.3		21.0
Fleet data				
Average number of vessels		134.3		135.8
Drydock				
Drydock, scrubber, ballast water treatment system and other vessel related payments for owned, sale leaseback and bareboat chartered-in vessels (in thousands of U.S. dollars)	\$	16,601	\$	63,486

⁽¹⁾ See Non-IFRS Measures section below.

⁽²⁾ Freight rates are commonly measured in the shipping industry in terms of time charter equivalent per day (or TCE per day), which is calculated by subtracting voyage expenses, including bunkers and port charges, from vessel revenue and dividing the net amount (time charter equivalent revenues) by the number of revenue days in the period. Revenue days are the number of days the vessel is owned, finance leased or chartered-in less the number of days the vessel is off-hire for drydock and repairs.

⁽³⁾ Vessel operating costs per day represent vessel operating costs divided by the number of operating days during the period. Operating days are the total number of available days in a period with respect to the owned, finance leased or bareboat chartered-in vessels, before deducting available days due to off-hire days and days in drydock. Operating days is a measurement that is only applicable to our owned, finance leased or bareboat chartered-in vessels, not our time chartered-in vessels.

Fleet list as of May 6, 2021

Vessel Name	Year Built	DWT	Ice class	Employment	Vessel type	Scrubber
<i>Owned, sale leaseback and bareboat chartered-in vessels</i>						
1 STI Brixton	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
2 STI Comandante	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
3 STI Pimlico	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
4 STI Hackney	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
5 STI Acton	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
6 STI Fulham	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
7 STI Camden	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
8 STI Battersea	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
9 STI Wembley	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
1						
0 STI Finchley	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
1						
1 STI Clapham	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
1						
2 STI Poplar	2014	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
1						
3 STI Hammersmith	2015	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A
1						
4 STI Rotherhithe	2015	38,734	1A	SHTP (1)	Handymax	N/A

1	5 STI Amber	2012	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
1	6 STI Topaz	2012	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
1	7 STI Ruby	2012	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Not Yet Installed
1	8 STI Garnet	2012	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
1	9 STI Onyx	2012	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
2	0 STI Fontvieille	2013	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Not Yet Installed
2	1 STI Ville	2013	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Not Yet Installed
2	2 STI Duchessa	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Not Yet Installed
2	3 STI Opera	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Not Yet Installed
2	4 STI Texas City	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
2	5 STI Meraux	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
2	6 STI San Antonio	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
2	7 STI Venere	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
2	8 STI Virtus	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
2	9 STI Aqua	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
3	0 STI Dama	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
3	1 STI Benicia	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
3	2 STI Regina	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
3	3 STI St. Charles	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
3	4 STI Mayfair	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
3	5 STI Yorkville	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
3	6 STI Milwaukee	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
3	7 STI Battery	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
3	8 STI Soho	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
3	9 STI Memphis	2014	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
4	0 STI Tribeca	2015	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
4	1 STI Gramercy	2015	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
4	2 STI Bronx	2015	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
4	3 STI Pontiac	2015	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
4	4 STI Manhattan	2015	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
4	5 STI Queens	2015	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
4	6 STI Osceola	2015	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
4	7 STI Notting Hill	2015	49,687	1B	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
4	8 STI Seneca	2015	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
4	9 STI Westminster	2015	49,687	1B	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
5	0 STI Brooklyn	2015	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes

5	1 STI Black Hawk	2015	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
5	2 STI Galata	2017	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
5	3 STI Bosphorus	2017	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Not Yet Installed
5	4 STI Leblon	2017	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
5	5 STI La Boca	2017	49,990	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
5	6 STI San Telmo	2017	49,990	1B	SMRP (2)	MR	Not Yet Installed
5	7 STI Donald C Trauscht	2017	49,990	1B	SMRP (2)	MR	Not Yet Installed
5	8 STI Esles II	2018	49,990	1B	SMRP (2)	MR	Not Yet Installed
5	9 STI Jardins	2018	49,990	1B	SMRP (2)	MR	Not Yet Installed
6	0 STI Magic	2019	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
6	1 STI Majestic	2019	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
6	2 STI Mystery	2019	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
6	3 STI Marvel	2019	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
6	4 STI Magnetic	2019	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
6	5 STI Millennia	2019	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
6	6 STI Magister (formerly STI Master)	2019	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
6	7 STI Mythic	2019	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
6	8 STI Marshall	2019	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
6	9 STI Modest	2019	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
7	0 STI Maverick	2019	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
7	1 STI Miracle	2020	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
7	2 STI Maestro	2020	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
7	3 STI Mighty	2020	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
7	4 STI Maximus	2020	50,000	—	SMRP (2)	MR	Yes
7	5 STI Excel	2015	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Not Yet Installed
7	6 STI Excelsior	2016	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Not Yet Installed
7	7 STI Expedite	2016	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Not Yet Installed
7	8 STI Exceed	2016	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Not Yet Installed
7	9 STI Executive	2016	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Yes
8	0 STI Excellence	2016	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Yes
8	1 STI Experience	2016	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Not Yet Installed
8	2 STI Express	2016	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Yes
8	3 STI Precision	2016	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Yes
8	4 STI Prestige	2016	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Yes
8	5 STI Pride	2016	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Yes
8	6 STI Providence	2016	74,000	—	SLR1P (3)	LR1	Yes

8 7 STI Elysees	2014	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
8 8 STI Madison	2014	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
8 9 STI Park	2014	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
9 0 STI Orchard	2014	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
9 1 STI Sloane	2014	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
9 2 STI Broadway	2014	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
9 3 STI Condotti	2014	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
9 4 STI Rose	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
9 5 STI Veneto	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
9 6 STI Alexis	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
9 7 STI Winnie	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
9 8 STI Oxford	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
9 9 STI Lauren	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 0 0 STI Connaught	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 0 1 STI Spiga	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 0 2 STI Savile Row	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 0 3 STI Kingsway	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 0 4 STI Carnaby	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 0 5 STI Solidarity	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 0 6 STI Lombard	2015	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 0 7 STI Grace	2016	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 0 8 STI Jermyn	2016	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 0 9 STI Sanctity	2016	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 1 0 STI Solace	2016	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 1 1 STI Stability	2016	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 1 2 STI Steadfast	2016	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 1 3 STI Supreme	2016	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Not Yet Installed
1 1 4 STI Symphony	2016	109,999	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes
1 1 5 STI Gallantry	2016	113,000	—	SLR2P (4)	LR2	Yes

The Company's dividends paid during 2020 and 2021 were as follows:

Date paid	Dividends per common share
March 2020	\$0.100
June 2020	\$0.100
September 2020	\$0.100
December 2020	\$0.100
March 2021	\$0.100

On May 6, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.10 per common share, payable on or about June 15, 2021 to all shareholders of record as of May 21, 2021 (the record date). As of May 6, 2021, there were 58,369,516 common shares of the Company outstanding.

\$250 Million Securities Repurchase Program

In September 2020, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a new Securities Repurchase Program to purchase up to an aggregate of \$250 million of the Company's securities which, in addition to its common shares, currently consist of its Senior Notes due 2025 (NYSE: SBBA), which were originally issued in May 2020, Convertible Notes due 2022, which were issued in May and July 2018, and Convertible Notes due 2025, which were issued in March 2021. No securities have been repurchased under the new program since its inception through the date of this press release.

At the Market Equity Offering Program

In November 2019, the Company entered into an "at the market" offering program (the "ATM Equity Program") pursuant to which it may sell up to \$100 million of its common shares, par value \$0.01 per share. As part of the ATM Equity Program, the Company entered into an equity distribution agreement dated November 7, 2019 (the "Sales Agreement"), with BTIG, LLC, as sales agent (the "Equity ATM Agent"). In accordance with the terms of the Sales Agreement, the Company may offer and sell its common shares from time to time through the Equity ATM Agent by means of ordinary brokers' transactions on the NYSE at market prices, in block transactions, or as otherwise agreed upon by the Equity ATM Agent and the Company.

There is \$97.4 million of remaining availability under the ATM Program as of May 6, 2021.

About Scorpio Tankers Inc.

Scorpio Tankers Inc. is a provider of marine transportation of petroleum products worldwide. Scorpio Tankers Inc. currently owns, finance leases or bareboat charters-in 131 product tankers (42 LR2 tankers, 12 LR1 tankers, 63 MR tankers and 14 Handymax tankers) with an average age of 5.3 years. Additional information about the Company is available at the Company's website www.scorpiotankers.com, which is not a part of this press release.

Non-IFRS Measures

Reconciliation of IFRS Financial Information to Non-IFRS Financial Information

This press release describes time charter equivalent revenue, or TCE revenue, adjusted net income or loss, and adjusted EBITDA, which are not measures prepared in accordance with IFRS ("Non-IFRS" measures). The Non-IFRS measures are presented in this press release as we believe that they provide investors and other users of our financial statements, such as our lenders, with a means of evaluating and understanding how the Company's management evaluates the Company's operating performance. These Non-IFRS measures should not be considered in isolation from, as substitutes for, or superior to financial measures prepared in accordance with IFRS.

The Company believes that the presentation of TCE revenue, adjusted net income or loss with adjusted earnings per share, basic and diluted, and adjusted EBITDA are useful to investors or other users of our financial statements, such as our lenders, because they facilitate the comparability and the evaluation of companies in the Company's industry. In addition, the Company believes that TCE revenue, adjusted net income or loss with adjusted earnings per share, basic and diluted, and adjusted EBITDA are useful in evaluating its operating performance compared to that of other companies in the Company's industry. The Company's definitions of TCE revenue, adjusted net income or loss with adjusted earnings per share, basic and diluted, and adjusted EBITDA may not be the same as reported by other companies in the shipping industry or other industries.

TCE revenue, on a historical basis, is reconciled above in the section entitled "Explanation of Variances on the First Quarter of 2021 Financial Results Compared to the First Quarter of 2020". The Company has not provided a reconciliation of forward-looking TCE revenue because the most directly comparable IFRS measure on a forward-looking basis is not available to the Company without unreasonable effort.

Reconciliation of Net Loss to Adjusted Net Loss

<i>In thousands of U.S. dollars except per share data</i>	For the three months ended March 31, 2021		
	Amount	Per share basic	Per share diluted
Net loss	\$ (62,394)	\$ (1.15)	\$ (1.15)
<i>Adjustments:</i>			
Loss on Convertible Notes exchange	3,856	0.07	0.07
Write-off of deferred financing fees	1,275	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02

Adjusted net loss	\$	(57,263)	\$	(1.05)	(1)	\$	(1.05)	(1)
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(1) Summation difference due to rounding.

There were no Non-IFRS adjustments to the Net Income for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

Reconciliation of Net (Loss) / Income to Adjusted EBITDA

<i>In thousands of U.S. dollars</i>	For the three months ended March 31,		
	2021		2020
Net (loss) / income	\$	(62,394)	\$ 46,627
Financial expenses		34,067	44,765
Loss on Convertible Notes exchange		3,856	—
Financial income		(225)	(565)
Depreciation - owned or finance leased vessels		48,784	46,841
Depreciation - right of use assets		11,841	13,197
Amortization of restricted stock		6,192	7,845
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	42,121	\$ 158,710

Forward-Looking Statements

Matters discussed in this press release may constitute forward-looking statements. The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides safe harbor protections for forward-looking statements in order to encourage companies to provide prospective information about their business. Forward-looking statements include statements concerning plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events or performance, and underlying assumptions and other statements, which are other than statements of historical facts. The Company desires to take advantage of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and is including this cautionary statement in connection with this safe harbor legislation. The words “believe,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “intend,” “plan,” “target,” “project,” “likely,” “may,” “will,” “would,” “could” and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements.

The forward-looking statements in this press release are based upon various assumptions, many of which are based, in turn, upon further assumptions, including without limitation, management’s examination of historical operating trends, data contained in the Company’s records and other data available from third parties. Although management believes that these assumptions were reasonable when made, because these assumptions are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies which are difficult or impossible to predict and are beyond the Company’s control, there can be no assurance that the Company will achieve or accomplish these expectations, beliefs or projections. The Company undertakes no obligation, and specifically declines any obligation, except as required by law, to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

In addition to these important factors, other important factors that, in the Company’s view, could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements include unforeseen liabilities, future capital expenditures, revenues, expenses, earnings, synergies, economic performance, indebtedness, financial condition, losses, future prospects, business and management strategies for the management, length and severity of the ongoing novel coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak, including its effect on demand for petroleum products and the transportation thereof, expansion and growth of the Company’s operations, risks relating to the integration of assets or operations of entities that it has or may in the future acquire and the possibility that the anticipated synergies and other benefits of such acquisitions may not be realized within expected timeframes or at all, the failure of counterparties to fully perform their contracts with the Company, the strength of world economies and currencies, general market conditions, including fluctuations in charter rates and vessel values, changes in demand for tanker vessel capacity, changes in the Company’s operating expenses, including bunker prices, drydocking and insurance costs, the market for the Company’s vessels, availability of financing and refinancing, charter counterparty performance, ability to obtain financing and comply with covenants in such financing arrangements, changes in governmental rules and regulations or actions taken by regulatory authorities, potential liability from pending or future litigation, general domestic and international political conditions, potential disruption of shipping routes due to accidents or political events, vessels breakdowns and instances of off-hires, and other factors. Please see the Company’s filings with the SEC for a more complete discussion of certain of these and other risks and uncertainties.

Scorpio Tankers Inc.
212-542-1616



Source: Scorpio Tankers Inc.